

Agriculture Division of DowDuPont™

Engineering biology applications in plant biotechnology

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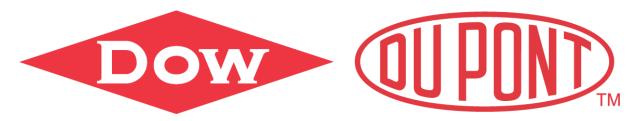
6TH PLANT GENOMICS & GENE EDITING CONGRESS: EUROPE Rotterdam, The Netherlands

14-15 May 2018

In Agriculture, Materials Science and Specialty Products



We Are Bringing Together Two Complementary Portfolios to Create World-Class Independent Companies





Broad offering and robust pipeline across germplasm, biotech traits and crop protection



Low-cost integration and innovation combined with expanded customer offerings in key growth sectors



World-class innovation process and application development capabilities





"Cor-" suggests "core" or "heart" of the earth

"Teva" is an ancient word which means "nature"

Pronounced: kohr-'teh-vah



Our Purpose

To enrich the lives of those who produce and those who consume, ensuring progress for generations to come.





Agriculture Division: A Global Innovation Leader



Comprehensive, Balanced Seeds and Crop Protection Business Platforms with Global Commercial Scope

- Leading portfolio of products and services
- Including germplasm, biotech traits, crop protection, seed-applied technologies and digital agriculture
- ✓ Driving future growth through enhanced R&D engine



To Create Comprehensive, Balanced and Diverse Seeds and Crop Protection Business Platforms with Global Commercial Scope

LEADING PORTFOLIO OF PRODUCTS AND SERVICES...

Seeds Solutions



Alfalfa



Canola



Cereals



Corn



Cotton



Rice



Silage inoculants



Sorghum



Soybeans



Sunflowers



Wheat

Crop Protection Solutions

- Cereals Herbicides
- Corn and Soybean Herbicides
- Fungicides
- Insecticides
- Pasture and Land Management
- Rice, Trees and Vines Herbicides
- Seed-Applied Technologies
- Specialty Crop Herbicides
- Structural Pest Management
- Turf and Ornamental Pest Management



And We Are Building An Enhanced R&D Engine To Drive Future Growth

2017-2018

2018-2019

CROP PROTECTION

- Arylex[™] Active
- Enlist Duo® herbicide with Colex-D®
- Expanded Zorvec[™] launch in AP and LA
- Lumisena™ seed treatment
- Vessarya™ disease control in LA

- Inatreq™
- Pyraxalt™ insect control*
- Rinskor[™] Active
- Zorvec™ expansion into EMEA*

- Fungicides 1-5⁽¹⁾
- Herbicides 1-2⁽¹⁾
- Insecticides 1-5⁽¹⁾
- New class of nematicides⁽²⁾
- New MOA disease control(2)

SEEDS

- Enlist™ Corn
- Enlist™ Cotton
- Leptra® insect protection in Latin America
- Omega-9 Reduced Saturate Sunflower
- ProPound™ Advanced Canola Meal
- Stewarded, limited commercial launch of Pioneer® brand Qrome™ products and Plenish™ Soybeans

- Enlist E3™ Conkesta™ Soybean
- Enlist E3™ Soybean
- Enlist™ Soybean
- Expanded commercial launch of Qrome™ products
- Herbicide Tolerant Canola with LibertyLink[®] trait
- Pioneer[®] brand Optimum[®]

- Corn & soy insect control⁽²⁾
- Herbicide Tolerance Traits 1-2⁽¹⁾
- Insect Traits 1-10⁽¹⁾
- Next-gen soybeans⁽²⁾
- Optimum[®] GLY canola + LibertyLink[®] traits⁽²⁾



Engineering biology applications in plant biotechnology



Engineering Biology: Definition

What is Engineering biology?

- A set of methods within biotechnology that emerged and were established as a field around the year 2000¹. Also referred to as "synthetic biology".
- No universal definition to date but engineering biology "aims to improve the process of genetic engineering" by adopting approaches common to other engineering fields².
- Working definition, Corteva Agriscience:

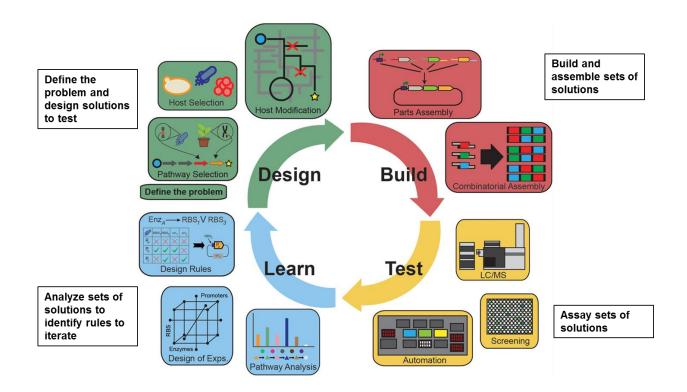
Engineering biology combines science, technology and engineering to accelerate the design/redesign and manufacture of genetic material, organisms and biological systems for product development.



^{1.} Elowitz, M.B., and S. Leibler. 2000. A synthetic oscillatory network of transcriptional regulators. Nature 403(6767):335-338; Gardner, T.S., C.R. Cantor, and J.J. Collins. 2000. Construction of toggle a genetic switch in Escherichia coli. Nature 403(6767):339-342.

^{2.} Voigt, C.A. 2012. Synthetic biology [editorial]. ACS Synthetic Biology 1:1-2.

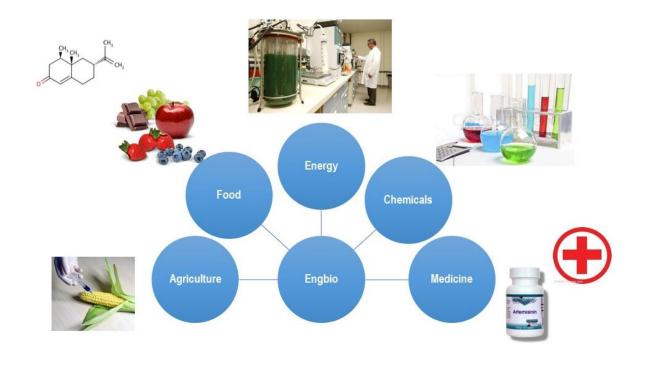
Engineering Biology: DBTL Concept



- The DBT(L) Cycle is a core concept of engineering biology
- Iterative DBTL cycles are used to optimize solutions
- Enabled by computation, biology, automation and the ability to manipulate DNA (read/write/cut/paste) for rapid testing of ideas/accelerating research & product development



Engineering Biology Applications



Agriculture Specific

Microbial Engineering

- Natural products discovery & development
- Bio-pesticides

Plant Genome Engineering (via Site Directed Nucleases)

- Trait Stacking
- Accelerated trait development
- Functional genomics

Plant Sensors

Chemical/biological environmental hazards

Image: Lux Research



Engineering Biology Approaches at Corteva AgriscienceTM

- Crop Protection and Seeds Platforms
- Select examples (Genome Engineering):
 - Optimal Genomic Loci for Targeted Gene Addition
 - Trait Stacking



Targeted Gene Addition: Benefits for Trait Product Development

(compared to conventional transformation)

- Gene addition to a specific genetic locus
 - Higher quality events (minimal unintended side effects)
 - Increased probability of success
- Targeted analytics, efficient event sorting
 - Reduced cycle times
- Reuse of a genetic locus, targeting reagents, analytics for new product development
 - Cost savings



Targeted gene addition

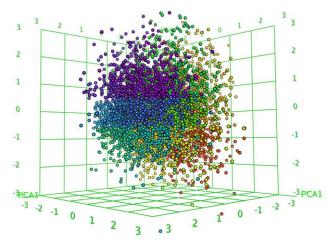
Key question: what genomic locations are optimal for targeted gene addition?



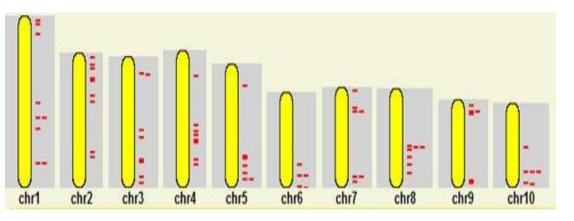
Optimal Genomic Loci for Targeted Gene Addition

- Optimal Genomic Loci (OGL): Genomic regions (sequences) that are <u>targetable</u>, support <u>expression</u>, <u>agronomically neutral</u> and amenable to <u>breeding</u>.
- Bioinformatics approach for genome wide selection of OGL

	Corn	Soybean	OGL Characteristics
Genome size	2.1Gb	1.1Gb	 Hypomethylated Proximal to genes Unique, non repeat Non-genic Evidence of recombination
# OGLs (>1kb)	5286	7018	
# Loci validated for targeting	76	32	



Clustered Corn OGL(32 clusters)



Representative Corn OGL



Targeting Validation of OGL

- Challenge: A large number of loci for targeting validation
 - Targeting Reagents (ZFNs): At least 4/locus [~480 ZFN constructs]
 - Develop alternative higher throughput targeting analysis methods







At least 4 Zinc Fingers/target locus (480 ZFNs)



32 new target loci

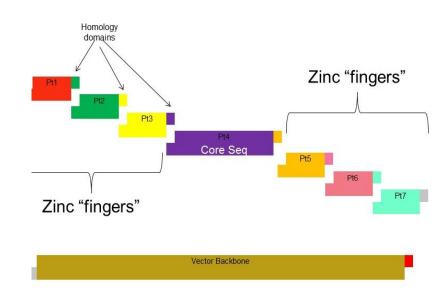






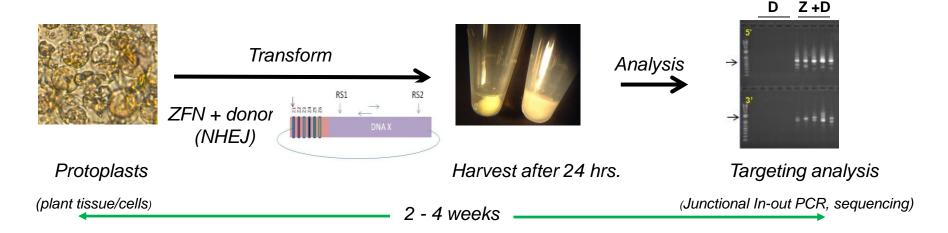
Design/Build of Targeting Reagents

- Automated DNA assembly used to build ~480 ZFN constructs
 - 4-6 ZFN designed per target locus
 - 6 unique "parts" per design and
 - 2 constant "parts" per design
 - ~4320 parts cataloged and used in "build" phase
- 66% 1st pass success rate
 - 480 ZFNs passed on for use in Test/Analyze phase"
 - >90% of errors were SNP's in synthesized DNA fragments





Rapid Targeting Assay (RTA)



- RTA: Novel plant protoplast based assay for rapid targeting assessment without plant generation
- RTA established for corn, soybean, canola & wheat
- New universal donor DNA design allows evaluation of multiple loci and ZFNs
- New analytics allow targeting detection in complex heterogeneous populations (US patent 9765404)
- 6X reduction in targeting cycle time
- 50-60X increase in targeting analysis capacity



OGL Targeting Validation Outcomes

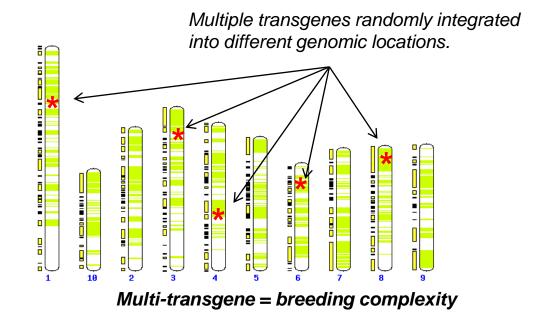
- Targeted DNA insertion demonstrated at 76 corn OGL and 39 soy OGL
- Patent grants & applications:
 - OPTIMAL SOYBEAN LOCI; Publication # 20150128307
 - OPTIMAL SOYBEAN LOCI; US patent 9909131(2015)
 - OPTIMAL MAIZE LOCI; Publication # 20150128309
 - OPTIMAL MAIZE LOCI; Publication # 20150128310



Trait Stacking

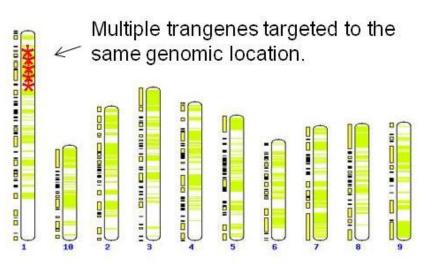
- Modern agriculture demands crops with multi-gene/multi-trait stacks
- Complex breeding process used for stacking traits



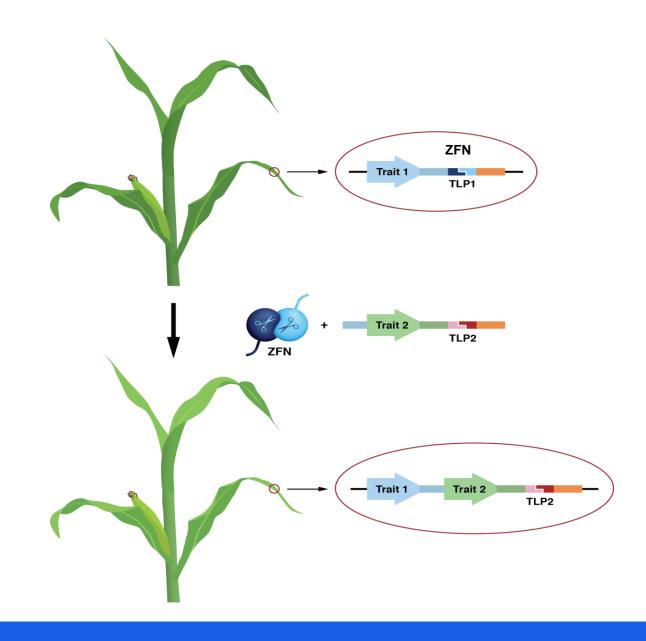


Trait Stacking by Targeted Transgene integration

 Stacking Strategy: Targeted transgene integration to preintegrated 'Trait Landing Pads' (TLPs) using ZFN.



Single Locus = less complex inheritance





Trait Stacking by Targeted Transgene integration

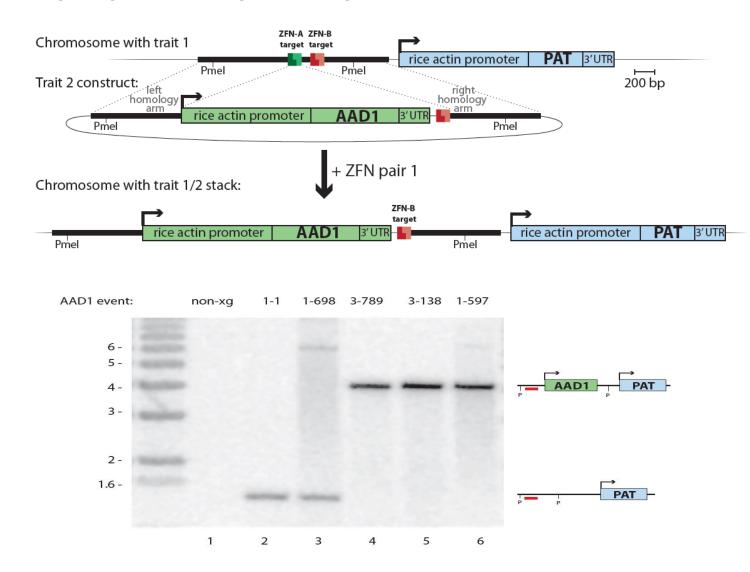
Herbicide resistance genes can be stacked using targeted transgene integration in corn*

 A TLP flanking the pat herbicide resistance gene was targeted by a second herbicide resistance gene, aad1, using ZFN-mediated transgene addition.

Immature embryos bombarded	8,558
Transgenic events produced	1,738
Confirmed targeting to the TLP Locus	54
Targeted integration frequency	3.1%

- Targeting/stacking frequency: 3%
- Both transgenes co-segregated in progenies (physically linked) and were functional (positive phenotype).

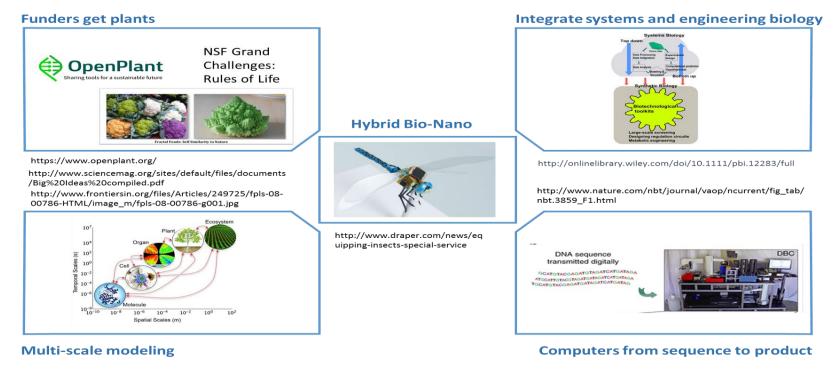
*Ainley et al., 2013. Plant Biotechnol. J. 11:1126-1134





Engineering Biology: Future Applications

- Plant engineering biology is an emerging field, adoption of a standard definition and distinction from existing fields will further accelerate growth.
- Technical challenges such as long/repetitive DNA assembly, efficient delivery of DNA into plant cells impact implementation of the DBT concept in plants.
- Emerging Trends





Trends identified based on funder initiatives (US & Global)

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Nicole Arnold

Nicole Botimer

Matthew Henry

Pon Jayakumar

Rich Olsen

Joe Petolino

Lori Marcum

Tony Moore

Lynn Rowland

Katie Sheets

Tonya Strange

Mallory Vickery

Mary Welter

Chaniece Davies

Robbi Garrison

Jay Huenemann

Tom Meade

Aaron Woosley

Debby Camper

Jim Connell

John Davies

Sam Reddy

Jyoti Rout

Manju Gupta

Sandeep Kumar

Stephen Novak

Ning Zhou

Nick Wang

Wei Chen

Diaa AlAbed

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Thank You!



The Global Challenge



By 2050, the world <u>must feed 9 billion people</u>. The demand for food will be 60% greater than it is today.

https://www.weforum.org/agenda/2016/01/food-security-and-why-it-matters/



Impact of New Technologies on Food Production

- New product offerings
- Higher quality products
- Faster product development
- Products with reduced environmental footprint
- Efficient farm management

Engineering Biology has the potential to accelerate new product development and impact global food security needs.

